

2020–2021

20200919

8 5 40 .

1. $y = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}x + 1$

- A $\frac{\pi}{6}$ B $\frac{\pi}{3}$ C $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ D $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

2. $\vec{a} = (x, 1, 1), \vec{b} = (1, y, 1), \vec{c} = (2, -4, 2)$ $\vec{a} \perp \vec{c}, \vec{b} // \vec{c}$ $|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| =$

- A $2\sqrt{2}$ B $\sqrt{10}$ C 3 D 4

3. $ABCD - A_1B_1C_1D_1$ F CD₁

1

- A $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$ B $-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$ C $-\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ D $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$

4. \vec{p} $\{\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}\}$ (1, 2, 3) \vec{p} $\{\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{a} - \vec{b}, \vec{c}\}$

- A $\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 3\right)$ B $\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 3\right)$ C $\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, 3\right)$ D $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 3\right)$

5. O A, B, C $6\overrightarrow{OP} = \overrightarrow{OA} + 2\overrightarrow{OB} + 3\overrightarrow{OC}$

- A $O A B C$ B $P A B C$

- C $O P B C$ D $O P A B C$

6. $A(2, -3)$ $B(-3, -2)$ l $kx - y - k + 1 = 0$ l AB l k

- A $k \geq \frac{3}{4}$ $k \leq -4$ B $k \geq \frac{3}{4}$ $k \leq -\frac{1}{4}$

- C $-4 \leq k \leq \frac{3}{4}$ D $\frac{3}{4} \leq k \leq 4$

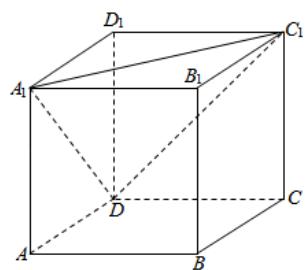
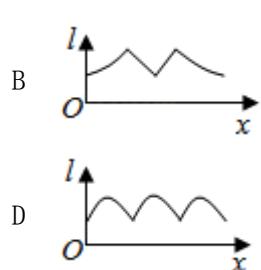
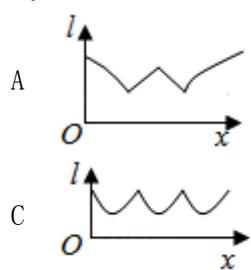
7. MN P 2 $\overrightarrow{PM} \cdot \overrightarrow{PN}$

- A $[0, 4]$ B $[0, 2]$ C $[1, 4]$ D $[1, 2]$

8. $ABCD - A_1B_1C_1D_1$ M B₁

M A₁DC₁ x l = MA₁ + MC₁ + MD

$l = f(x)$



4 5 20 .

5 0 3 .

9. $l : (a^2 + a + 1)x - y + 1 = 0 \quad a \in \mathbf{R}$

A $a = -1 \quad l \quad x + y = 0 \quad B \quad l \quad x - y = 0 \quad a = 0$

C $l \quad (0,1) \quad D \quad a = 0 \quad l$

10. $\vec{a} = (x_1, y_1, z_1) \quad \vec{b} = (x_2, y_2, z_2)$

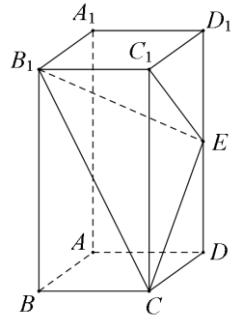
A $\vec{a} \perp \vec{b} \quad x_1 x_2 + y_1 y_2 + z_1 z_2 = 0 \quad B \quad \vec{a} / \vec{b} \quad \frac{x_1}{x_2} = \frac{y_1}{y_2} = \frac{z_1}{z_2}$

C $\cos < \vec{a}, \vec{b} > = \frac{x_1 x_2 + y_1 y_2 + z_1 z_2}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + y_1^2 + z_1^2} \cdot \sqrt{x_2^2 + y_2^2 + z_2^2}} \quad D \quad x_1 = y_1 = z_1 = 1 \quad \vec{a}$

11. $l_1 : x - y - 1 = 0 \quad l_2 : (k+1)x + ky + k = 0 (k \in \mathbf{R})$

A $k \quad l_2 \quad 90^\circ \quad B \quad k \quad l_1 \quad l_2$
C $k \quad l_1 \quad l_2 \quad D \quad k \quad l_1 \quad l_2$

12. $ABCD - A_1B_1C_1D_1 \quad 2 \quad 4 \quad E \quad DD_1$



A $B_1E \perp A_1B \quad B \quad B_1CE // A_1BD$
C $C_1 - B_1CE \quad \frac{8}{3} \quad D \quad C_1 - B_1CD_1 \quad 24$

4 5 20 2 3 .

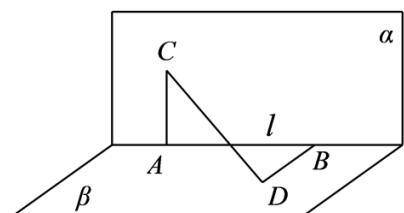
13. $\vec{a}, \vec{b} \quad | \quad | \quad | \quad , \quad \vec{a} \quad \vec{b} \quad \frac{\pi}{3} \quad |\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

14. $l_1 : mx + 3y = 2 - m \quad l_2 : x + (m+2)y = 1.$

$l_1 \perp l_2 \quad m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad l_1 / \!/ l_2 \quad m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

15. $\alpha \perp \beta \quad \alpha \cap \beta = l \quad A \in l \quad B \in l$

$AC \subset \alpha \quad BD \subset \beta \quad AC \perp l \quad BD \perp l$



$AB = 4 \quad AC = 3 \quad BD = 12 \quad CD = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

16. $\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2 \quad , \quad \vec{e}_1 \cdot \vec{e}_2 = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \vec{b} \quad |\vec{b}| = 2\sqrt{2}, \quad \vec{b} \cdot \vec{e}_1 = 2, \quad \vec{b} \cdot \vec{e}_2 = \frac{5}{2},$

$x, y \in \mathbf{R}, \quad f(x, y) = |\vec{b} - (x\vec{e}_1 + y\vec{e}_2)| \quad \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad x + y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6

70

17

10

12

17.

10

5

A 12, 13, 14, 15, 16

B 15, 16, 17, 14, a

1 A

B

14

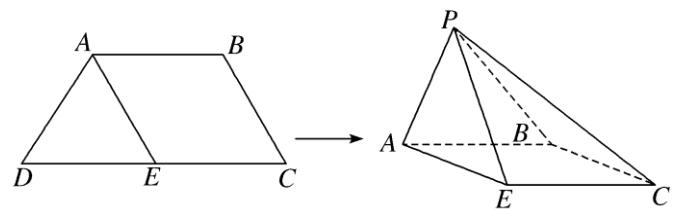
 $a = 25$

a

18. 12 $\triangle ABC$ A, B, C $5(a^2 - b^2) = 3bc \quad 5 \sin C = 8 \sin B$

 $\angle BAC$ $BC \quad D$ $\angle BAC$ $AC = 5 \quad AD$

19. 12 $ABCD$ $AB // CD \quad AD = BC = AB = 1 \quad CD = 2 \quad E \quad CD$

 $\triangle ADE \quad AE \quad \triangleAPE$ $AE \perp PB$ $P - ABCE$ $A - PE - C$ 

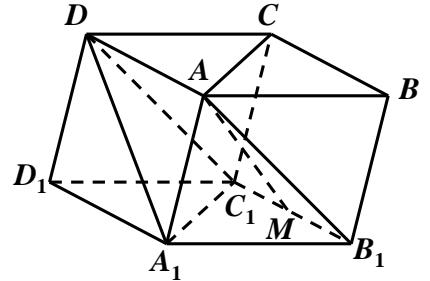
20. 12 $ABCD$ $AD \parallel BC$ $\angle CBD = \angle BDC = \alpha$ $\angle ACD = \beta$.
 $\alpha = 30^\circ$ $\beta = 75^\circ$ $\sqrt{3}AC + \sqrt{2}CD = 5$ AC, CD
 $\alpha + \beta > 90^\circ$ $AB < AD$.

21. 12 $ABCD - A_1B_1C_1D_1$ $ABCD$

$$AB_1 = A_1B_1 = 2AA_1 = 2AC \quad \angle AA_1C_1 = \frac{\pi}{3} \quad A_1C_1 \perp B_1C_1$$

$$B_1C_1 \perp AA_1$$

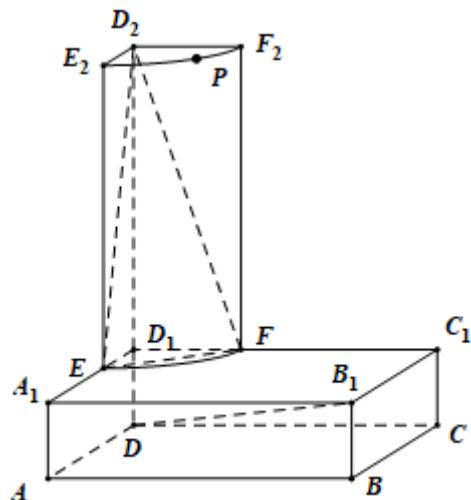
$$M \quad B_1C_1 \quad AM \quad DA_1C_1$$



22. 12 $ABCD - A_1B_1C_1D_1$

$$4 \quad 1$$

$$\sqrt{2}$$



$$E_2F_2 \quad P \quad B_1 \quad 5\sqrt{2} \quad DB_1 \perp \quad D_2EF$$

$$D_1D_2 = 3 \quad P \quad E_2F_2 \quad P - A_1C_1 - B_1$$

2020–2021

8 5 40 .

1-4 DCAB :5-8 BABC

$$8. \quad AB_1 \quad CB_1 \quad AC \quad ABCD - A_1B_1C_1D_1$$

$$AD//B_1C_1 \quad AD = B_1C_1 \quad ADC_1B_1$$

$$DC_1//AB_1 \quad DC_1 \subset A_1DC_1 \quad AB_1 \not\subset A_1DC_1 \quad AB_1//A_1DC_1$$

$$CB_1//A_1DC_1 \quad AB_1 \cap CB_1 = B_1 \quad A_1DC_1//AB_1C$$

$$M \quad B_1AC$$

$$ABCD - A_1B_1C_1D_1 \quad 1 \quad A_1B_1CD \quad B_1C_1C ,$$

$$0 \leq x \leq \sqrt{2} \quad f(x) = MA_1 + MC_1 + MD = \sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{1+(\sqrt{2}-x)^2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(x-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$f(\sqrt{2}-x) = \sqrt{1+(\sqrt{2}-x)^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\sqrt{2}-x-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2} = f(x)$$

$$f(x) \quad [0, \sqrt{2}] \quad x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$f(0) = 2 + \sqrt{3} \quad f\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = \sqrt{6} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad f(0) > f\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$f(x) \quad [\sqrt{2}, 2\sqrt{2}] \quad x = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$f(x) \quad [2\sqrt{2}, 3\sqrt{2}] \quad x = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2} .$$

4 5 20 .

5 0 3 .

9 AC 10 BD 11 AC 12 CD

4 5 20

2 3 .

13 $\sqrt{7}$ 14 $-\frac{3}{2}$ -3 15 13 16 1 3

$$16. \quad \because \mathbf{e}_1 \cdot \mathbf{e}_2 = |\mathbf{e}_1| |\mathbf{e}_2| \cos \langle \mathbf{e}_1 \cdot \mathbf{e}_2 \rangle = \cos \langle \mathbf{e}_1 \cdot \mathbf{e}_2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \quad \therefore \langle \mathbf{e}_1 \cdot \mathbf{e}_2 \rangle = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\mathbf{e}_1 = \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0 \right), \mathbf{e}_2 = (1, 0, 0), \vec{b} = (m, n, t)$$

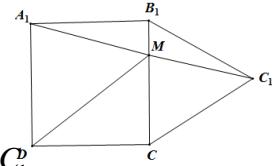
$$\therefore \vec{b} \cdot \mathbf{e}_1 = \frac{1}{2}m + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}n = 2, \vec{b} \cdot \mathbf{e}_2 = m = \frac{5}{2} \quad \therefore m = \frac{5}{2}, n = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \vec{b} = \left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, t \right)$$

$$\therefore |\vec{b}| = 2\sqrt{2}, \quad t^2 = 1 \quad \because \vec{b} - (x\mathbf{e}_1 + y\mathbf{e}_2) = \left(\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2}x - y, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x, t \right)$$

$$\therefore f^2(x, y) = |\vec{b} - (x\mathbf{e}_1 + y\mathbf{e}_2)|^2 = \left(x + \frac{y-4}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{3}{4}(y-2)^2 + t^2$$

$$= |\vec{b} - (x\mathbf{e}_1 + y\mathbf{e}_2)|^2 = \left(x + \frac{y-4}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{3}{4}(y-2)^2 + 1 \quad \therefore x = 1, y = 2 \quad f^2(x, y)$$

1.



	6	70				
	12					
17	5	14	3	$P = \frac{3}{5}$		3
	$a = 25$	1	A	B	25	
		(12,15) (12,16) (12,17) (12,14) (12,25) (13,15) (13,16)				
		(13,17) (13,14) (13,25) (14,15) (14,16) (14,17) (14,14) (14,25) (15,15) (15,16)				
		(15,17) (15,14) (15,25) (16,15) (16,16) (16,17) (16,14) (16,25).		6		
			(15,14) (16,15) (16,14) 3		7	
	$P = \frac{3}{25}.$				8	
	B		14, 15, 16, 17, a			
	$a = 13$	$a = 18$	A	.		10
18	$5\sin C = 8\sin B$	$5c = 8b$	$c = \frac{8}{5}b$			1
	$5(a^2 - b^2) = 3bc$	$a^2 - b^2 = \frac{3bc}{5}.$			2	
	$\cos \angle BAC = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} = \frac{-\frac{3}{5}b \times \frac{8}{5}b + \left(\frac{8}{5}b\right)^2}{2b \times \frac{8}{5}b} = \frac{1}{2}$				4	
	$0 < \angle BAC < \pi$	$\angle BAC = \frac{\pi}{3}.$				5
	$AC = b = 5$	$c = 8$	$a^2 - 25 = \frac{3}{5} \times 5 \times 8$	$a^2 = 49$	$a = 7.$	7
	$\cos C = \frac{5^2 + 7^2 - 8^2}{2 \times 5 \times 7} = \frac{1}{7}$	8	.	$\sin C = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^2} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{7}.$		9
	$\angle DAC = \frac{\pi}{6}$	$\sin \angle ADC = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + C\right) = \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \cos C + \cos \frac{\pi}{6} \sin C = \frac{13}{14}.$				10
	$\frac{AC}{\sin \angle ADC} = \frac{AD}{\sin C}$	$AD = \frac{AC \cdot \sin C}{\sin \angle ADC} = 5 \times \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{7} \times \frac{14}{13} = \frac{40\sqrt{3}}{13}.$				12
19	ABCD	BD	AE	O		
	$AB // CE$	$AB = CE$	ABCE			
	$AE = BC = AD = DE$	$\triangle AED$				
	ABCD	$\angle C = \angle ADE = \frac{\pi}{3}$	$BD \perp BC$	$BD \perp AE$	POB	4
		$OP \perp AE, OB \perp AE,$	$OP \cap OB = O$	$AE \perp$		
	$PB \subset POB$	$AE \perp PB$				5
	$P - ABCD$	$PAE \perp$	ABCE.			
	$PAE \perp$	$ABCE = AE$	$PO \subset PAE$	$PO \perp AE$	$PO \perp$	$ABCE.$
	O	x	y	z		
	$P(0, 0, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}), E(\frac{1}{2}, 0, 0), C(1, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0)$					6

$$\overrightarrow{PE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \overrightarrow{EC} = \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0 \right)$$

7

$$\text{PCE} \quad \vec{n} = (x, y, z) \quad \begin{cases} \vec{n} \cdot \overrightarrow{PE} = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}z = 0 \\ \vec{n} \cdot \overrightarrow{EC} = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}y = 0 \end{cases} \quad 9$$

$$x = \sqrt{3} \quad y = -1, z = 1 \quad \vec{n} = (\sqrt{3}, -1, 1) \quad PCE \quad 10$$

$$PAE \quad \vec{m} = (0, 1, 0) \quad \cos \langle \vec{m}, \vec{n} \rangle = \frac{\vec{m} \cdot \vec{n}}{|\vec{m}| |\vec{n}|} = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}.$$

$$A - PE - C \quad A - PE - C \quad -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}. \quad 12$$

$$20 \quad \angle CBD = \angle BDC = 30^\circ \quad \angle ACD = 75^\circ \quad \angle ACB = 45^\circ.$$

$$AD = BC \quad \angle ADB = \angle CBD = 30^\circ \quad \angle DAC = \angle BCA = 45^\circ.$$

$$\angle ADC = 60^\circ. \quad 2$$

$$\Delta ACD \quad \frac{AC}{\sin \angle ADC} = \frac{CD}{\sin \angle CAD} \quad \frac{AC}{\sin 60^\circ} = \frac{CD}{\sin 45^\circ}$$

$$AC = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} CD. \quad 4$$

$$\sqrt{3}AC + \sqrt{2}CD = 5 \quad AC = \sqrt{3} \quad CD = \sqrt{2}. \quad 6$$

$$\Delta ACB \quad AB = \sqrt{AC^2 + BC^2 - 2AC \times BC \cos \angle ACB}. \quad 7$$

$$\Delta ACD$$

$$AD = \sqrt{AC^2 + DC^2 - 2AC \times DC \cos \angle ACD} = \sqrt{AC^2 + BC^2 - 2AC \times BC \cos \angle ACD}. \quad 9$$

$$\alpha + \beta > 90^\circ \quad \angle ACB = 180^\circ - 2\alpha - \beta$$

$$\angle ACB - \angle ACD = (180^\circ - 2\alpha - \beta) - \beta = 180^\circ - 2(\alpha + \beta) < 0 \quad \angle ACB < \angle ACD \quad 11$$

$$0^\circ < \angle ACB < 180^\circ \quad 0^\circ < \angle ACD < 180^\circ \quad \cos \angle ACB > \cos \angle ACD$$

$$AB < AD.$$

$$21 \quad A_1C_1 // AC, A_1C_1 = AC \quad AA_1C_1C$$

$$AA_1 = AC \quad AA_1C_1C \quad \angle AA_1C = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$AA_1C \quad 1$$

$$AC_1 = AA_1 = 2a \quad AC_1 = 2a, AB_1 = 4a \quad B_1C_1 = \sqrt{A_1B_1^2 - A_1C_1^2} = 2\sqrt{3}a$$

$$AB_1^2 = AC_1^2 + B_1C_1^2 \quad B_1C_1 \perp AC_1 \quad 3$$

$$A_1C_1 \perp B_1C_1, A_1C_1 \cap AC_1 = C_1 \quad B_1C_1 \perp ACC_1A_1 \quad 4$$

$$AA_1 \subset ACC_1A_1 \quad B_1C_1 \perp AA_1 \quad 5$$

$$A_1B_1 \quad E \quad A_1C_1 \quad O \quad OE \quad OE // B_1C_1 \quad OE \perp A_1C_1$$

$$AO \perp A_1C_1 \quad AO \perp B_1C_1 \quad B_1C_1 \cap A_1C_1 = C_1$$

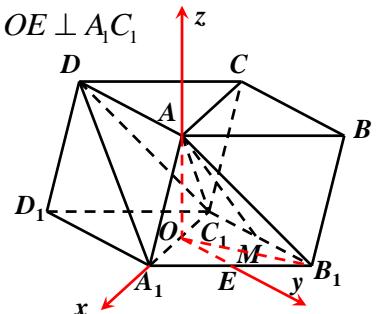
$$AO \perp A_1B_1C_1 \quad 4$$

$$AO = \sqrt{3}a \quad a = 1 \quad O$$

$$\overrightarrow{OA_1}, \overrightarrow{OE}, \overrightarrow{OA} \quad x, y, z$$

$$O - xyz$$

7



$$A_1(1,0,0), C_1(-1,0,0), B_1(-1,2\sqrt{3},0), A(0,0,\sqrt{3}), C(-2,0,\sqrt{3}), M(-1,\sqrt{3},0)$$

$$\overrightarrow{C_1A_1} = (2,0,0), \overrightarrow{AM} = (-1, \sqrt{3}, -\sqrt{3}) \quad 8$$

$$\overrightarrow{DC} = \overrightarrow{A_1B_1} = (-2, 2\sqrt{3}, 0), \overrightarrow{C_1C} = (-1, 0, \sqrt{3}) \quad \overrightarrow{CD} = \overrightarrow{C_1C} - \overrightarrow{DC} = (1, -2\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3}) \quad 9$$

$$DA_1C_1 \quad \vec{n} = (x, y, z) \quad \begin{cases} \vec{n} \cdot \overrightarrow{CD} = x - 2\sqrt{3}y + \sqrt{3}z = 0 \\ \vec{n} \cdot \overrightarrow{CA_1} = 2x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$y=1 \quad \vec{n} = (0, 1, 2) \quad 11$$

$$AM \quad DA_1C_1 \quad \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = |\cos \langle \overrightarrow{AM}, \vec{n} \rangle| = \left| \frac{0 + \sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{7}} \right| = \frac{\sqrt{105}}{35} \quad 12$$

22

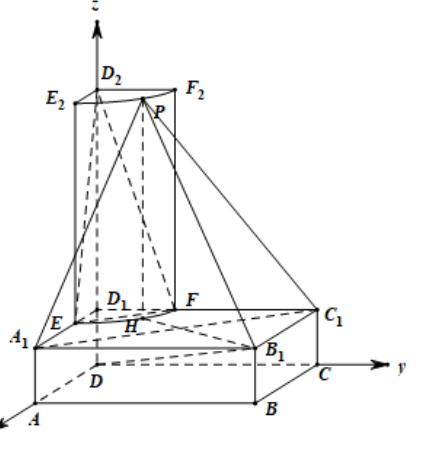
$$PH \perp A_1B_1C_1D_1 \quad H \quad H \quad EF$$

$$PB_1 = \sqrt{PH^2 + HB_1^2} \quad HB_1$$

$$\frac{HB_1}{4\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}} = 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$PH = \sqrt{PB_1^2 - HB_1^2} = 4\sqrt{2},$$

$$D \quad \overrightarrow{DA}, \overrightarrow{DC}, \overrightarrow{DD_2} \quad x, y, z$$



$$D(0,0,0), D_2(0,0,1+4\sqrt{2}), E(\sqrt{2},0,1), F(0,\sqrt{2},1), B_1(4,4,1)$$

$$\overrightarrow{DB_1} = (4, 4, 1), \overrightarrow{EF} = (-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}, 0), \overrightarrow{ED_2} = (-\sqrt{2}, 0, 4\sqrt{2}), \quad 3$$

$$\overrightarrow{DB_1} \cdot \overrightarrow{EF} = -4\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{2} + 0 = 0, \overrightarrow{DB_1} \cdot \overrightarrow{ED_2} = -4\sqrt{2} + 0 + 4\sqrt{2} = 0$$

$$DB_1 \perp EF, DB_1 \perp ED_2, \quad EF \subset D_2EF \quad ED_2 \subset D_2EF \quad ED_2 \cap EF = E,$$

$$DB_1 \perp D_2EF \quad 5$$

$$D_1D_2 = 3 \quad A_1(4,0,1), C_1(0,4,1), B_1(4,4,1),$$

$$P(a,b,4) \quad a^2 + b^2 = 2, a \geq 0, b \geq 0 \quad a = \sqrt{2} \cos \theta, b = \sqrt{2} \sin \theta, \theta \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$$

$$a + b = 2 \sin(\theta + \frac{\pi}{4}) \in [\sqrt{2}, 2] \quad A_1C_1 = (-4, 4, 0), A_1P = (a - 4, b, 3) \quad 6$$

$$PA_1C_1 \quad \vec{n} = (x_1, y_1, z_1) \quad \begin{cases} \vec{n} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC_1} = -4x_1 + 4y_1 = 0 \\ \vec{n} \cdot \overrightarrow{AP} = (a - 4)x_1 + by_1 + 3z_1 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x_1 = 1 \quad \vec{n} = (1, 1, \frac{4-a-b}{3}) \quad 8$$

$$A_1B_1C_1 \quad \vec{m} = (0, 0, 1)$$

$$P - A_1C_1 - B_1 \quad \theta \quad \theta$$

$$\cos \theta = -|\cos \langle \vec{m}, \vec{n} \rangle| = -\frac{|\vec{m} \cdot \vec{n}|}{|\vec{m}| |\vec{n}|} = \frac{\frac{a+b-4}{3}}{\sqrt{2 + (\frac{a+b-4}{3})^2}} \quad 10$$

$$\sin \theta = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2 + (\frac{a+b-4}{3})^2}} \quad \tan \theta = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{a+b-4} \in [-\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{6\sqrt{2}+3}{7}]$$

$$P - A_1C_1 - B_1 \quad [-\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{6\sqrt{2}+3}{7}] \quad 12$$