

1. $a \in \mathbf{R}$ $z = (a^2 - 1) + (a - 1)i$ $a =$

- A -1 B 0 C 1 D -1 1

2. m, n α, β $m \subset \alpha$ $n \subset \beta$ $m \perp n$ $\alpha \perp \beta$

- A B
C D

3. 15 16.8

- A 2,5 B 5,5 C 5,8 D 8,8

4. $\frac{1}{2}$

- A $\frac{1}{8}$ B $\frac{3}{8}$
C $\frac{1}{4}$ D $\frac{7}{8}$

5. 2018 2014

- A 2018 2014
B 2018 2014
C 2018 2014
D 2018 2014

6. $P-ABCD$ M, N AC, PC

MN PAD

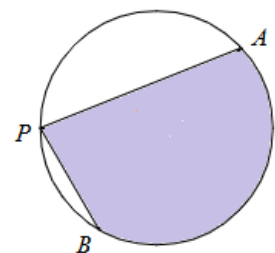
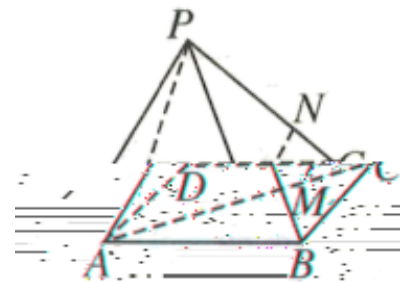
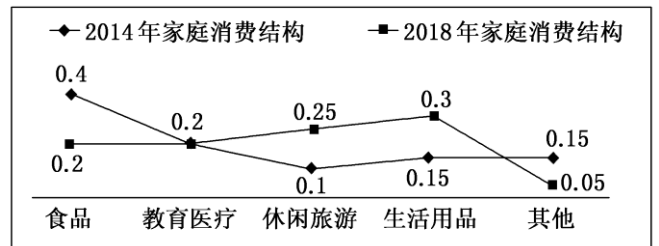
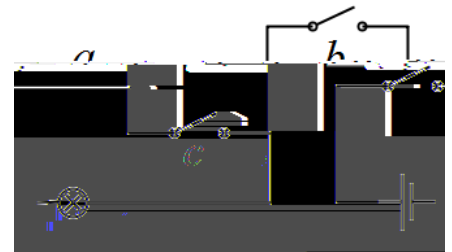
- A $MN \parallel PD$ B $MN \perp PA$ C $MN \parallel AD$ D

7. 2 P $\angle APB$

β .

- A $4\beta + 4\cos \beta$ B $4\beta + 4\sin \beta$
C $2\beta + 2\cos \beta$ D $2\beta + 2\sin \beta$

甲组	乙组
9	9
x 2	1 5 y 8
7 4	2 4



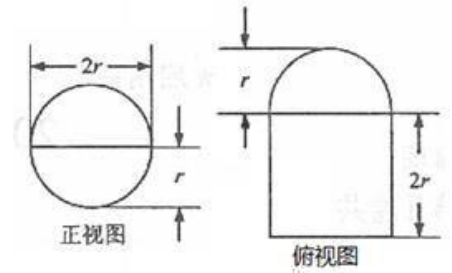
8. $\sin 2(\alpha + \gamma) = n \sin 2\beta$ $\frac{\tan(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)}{\tan(\alpha - \beta + \gamma)} =$

- A $\frac{n-1}{n+1}$ B $\frac{n}{n+1}$ C $\frac{n}{n-1}$ D $\frac{n+1}{n-1}$

9. $r =$

$16 + 20\pi$

- A 1 B 2 C 4 D 8



10. $f(x) = \sqrt{2} \sin(\omega x + \varphi) (\omega > 0)$ $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$

$f\left(\frac{3\pi}{8}\right) = 1$ $f(x)$ $\left[-\frac{3\pi}{8}, -\frac{\pi}{4}\right]$ ω

- A. 2 B. 4 C. 6 D. 8

11.

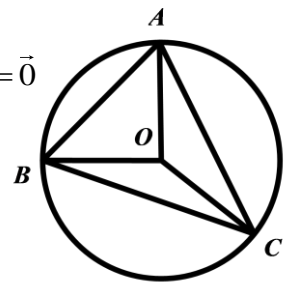
7 5 7

A. $\bar{x} \leq 3$ B. $S \leq 2$

C. $\bar{x} \leq 3$ 2 D. 1 4.

12. $\triangle ABC$ O 1 $3\vec{OA} + 4\vec{OB} + 5\vec{OC} = \vec{0}$

- A $\angle BOC = 90^\circ$ B $\angle AOB = 90^\circ$
 C $\vec{OB} \cdot \vec{CA} = -\frac{4}{5}$ D $\vec{OC} \cdot \vec{AB} = -\frac{1}{5}$



4 5 20 2 3 x

13.

y

x	9	9.5	10	10.5	11
y	11	10	8	6	5

$y = bx + a$ $a = 40$

b

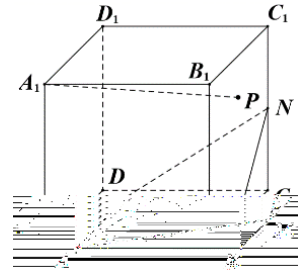
14. 1 $\vec{a} = (m, 4), \vec{b} = (3, -2)$ $\vec{a} \perp \vec{b}$ $m =$ _____.

2 \vec{a}, \vec{b} 45° $k\vec{a} \perp \vec{b}$ $k =$ _____.

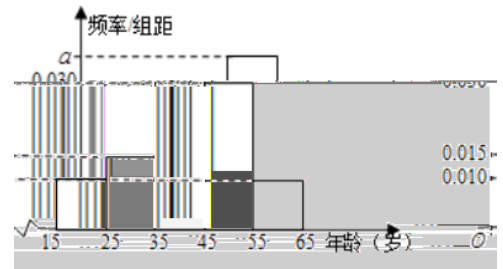
15. $y = x + b$ $x = \sqrt{1 - y^2}$ b _____

b _____.

16. $ABCD - A_1B_1C_1D_1$ 2 M, N BC, CC_1
 $C - AM - N$ _____ P BCC_1B_1 (
 $) PA_1 // AMN PA_1$ _____.



17. 6 70 17 10
 12
 10



1 [15,25) 2 [25,35) 3 [35,45) 4 [45,55) 5 [55,65]

a

[15,35)

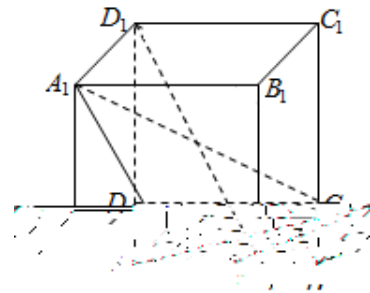
[25,35)

18. 12 $\triangle ABC$ A, B, C $(2c - a)b = \frac{\sin B}{\sin C}(b^2 + c^2 - a^2)$

$S_{ABC} = 6\sqrt{3}$ $3\sin A = 2\sin C$ $\vec{BD} = 3\vec{DC}$ AD

19. 12 1 $ABCD - A_1B_1C_1D_1$ E AB

BD_1 CE
 A A_1EC

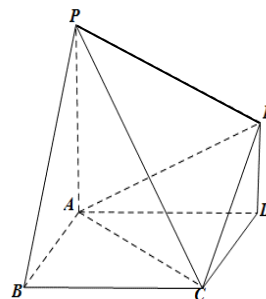


20. 12 $ABCD$

$PA \perp ABCD$ $ED // PA$ $PA = 2ED$.

$CE // PAB$

$PAC \perp PCE$.



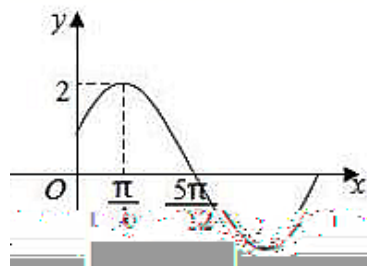
21. 12 $f(x) = A \sin(\omega x + \varphi) \left(A > 0, \omega > 0, |\varphi| < \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$

$f(x)$

$x \quad f\left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\pi}{12}\right) + \cos x = m \quad [0, 2\pi]$

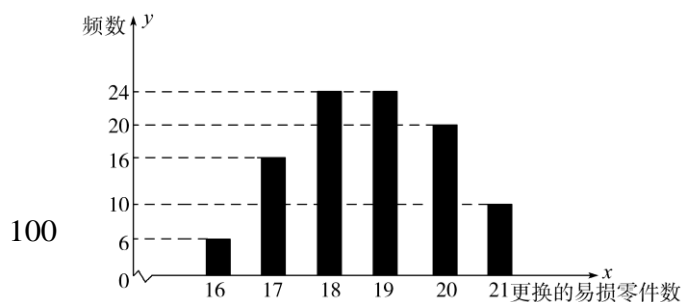
m

$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{2m^2}{5} - 1$.



22. 12 1

200
500



$x \quad 1$
) n

$y \quad 1$ (

$n = 19 \quad y \quad x$

$n \quad 0.5 \quad n$

100

19

20

100

1

19

20

12

5

60

1

10

11 12

ADCBC BBDBA CD BD

10. $\frac{\pi}{2}\omega + \varphi = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$ $\frac{3\pi}{8}\omega + \varphi = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2m\pi$ $\frac{\pi}{2}\omega + \varphi = \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$ $\frac{3\pi}{8}\omega + \varphi = \frac{3\pi}{4} + 2m\pi$
 $f(x)$ $\left[-\frac{3\pi}{8}, -\frac{\pi}{4}\right]$ $-\frac{\pi}{4} - (-\frac{3\pi}{8}) = \frac{\pi}{8} \leq \frac{T}{2}$ $T \geq \frac{\pi}{4}$ $\omega \leq 8$
 $\omega = 2$ $\omega = 6$ $\omega = 2.$

12. $\triangle ABC$ O 1 $3\vec{OA} + 4\vec{OB} + 5\vec{OC} = \vec{0}$
 $3\vec{OA} + 4\vec{OB} = -5\vec{OC}$ $25 + 24\vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OB} = 25 \Rightarrow \vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OB} = 0$
 $3\vec{OA} + 5\vec{OC} = -4\vec{OB}$ $34 + 30\vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OC} = 16 \Rightarrow \vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OC} = -\frac{3}{5}$
 $4\vec{OB} + 5\vec{OC} = -3\vec{OA}$ $41 + 40\vec{OB} \cdot \vec{OC} = 9 \Rightarrow \vec{OB} \cdot \vec{OC} = -\frac{4}{5}.$

$\angle BOC \neq 90^\circ$ A $\angle AOB = 90^\circ$ B
 $\vec{OB} \cdot \vec{CA} = \vec{OB} \cdot (\vec{OA} - \vec{OC}) = \vec{OB} \cdot \vec{OA} - \vec{OB} \cdot \vec{OC} = \frac{4}{5}$ C
 $\vec{OC} \cdot \vec{AB} = \vec{OC} \cdot (\vec{OB} - \vec{OA}) = \vec{OC} \cdot \vec{OB} - \vec{OC} \cdot \vec{OA} = -\frac{4}{5} - \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right) = -\frac{1}{5}$ D

13. (10,8) -3.2 14. -6 $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ 15. $[-\sqrt{2}, 1]$ $(-\sqrt{2}, -1]$ 16. $\frac{2}{3}$ $[\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}, \sqrt{5}]$

6

70

17

10

12

17. $(0.01 + 0.015 + a + 0.030 + 0.010) \times 10 = 1$ $a = 0.035$ 2

40

3

[15, 35)

$(0.01 + 0.015) \times 10 = 0.25$

[35, 45)



$35 + \frac{0.5 - 0.25}{0.35} \times 10 \approx 42.14.$

5

20

[15, 25)

$0.01 \times 10 \times 20 = 2$

[25, 35)

$0.015 \times 10 \times 20 = 3$

7

[15, 35) 5

$(A, B), (A, a), (A, b), (A, c), (B, a), (B, b), (B, c), (a, b), (a, c), (b, c)$ 10

[25, 35)

$(A, a), (A, b), (A, c), (B, a), (B, b), (B, c)$ 6

[25, 35)

$p = \frac{m}{n} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}.$

10

$$18. \quad \Delta ABC \quad (2c-a)b = \frac{\sin B}{\sin C}(b^2 + c^2 - a^2)$$

$$(2c-a)b = \frac{b}{c}(b^2 + c^2 - a^2)$$

$$2c^2 - ac = b^2 + c^2 - a^2$$

$$a^2 + c^2 - b^2 = ac$$

$$\cos B = \frac{a^2 + c^2 - b^2}{2ac} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$0 < B < \pi \quad B = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$3 \sin A = 2 \sin C \quad a : c = 2 : 3$$

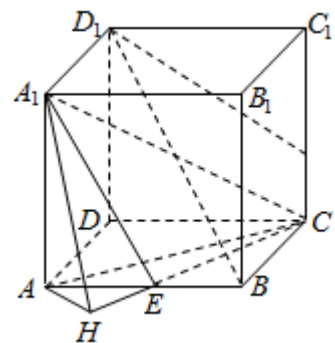
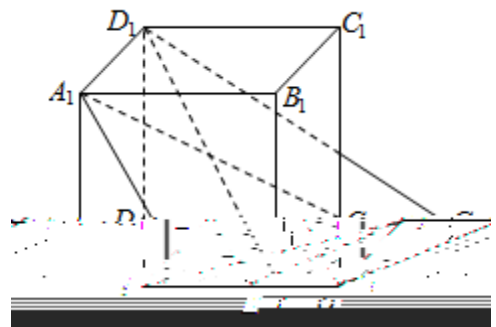
$$a = 2x \quad c = 3x$$

$$S_{ABC} = 6\sqrt{3} \quad S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2}ac \sin B = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2x \cdot 3x \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 6\sqrt{3}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$a = 4, c = 6 \quad \overline{BD} = 3\overline{DC} \quad BD = 3, DC = 1$$

$$ADC \quad AD^2 = AB^2 + BD^2 - 2AB \cdot BD \cdot \cos B = 27$$

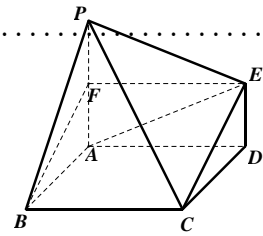


$$Rt\Delta A_1AH, A_1A=1, AH=\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \therefore A_1H=\frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{5}}.$$

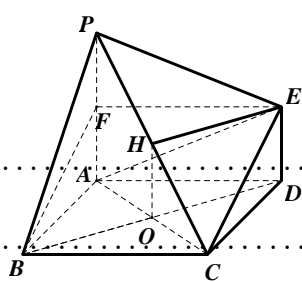
$$\begin{aligned} A \quad A_1EC \quad d \quad \frac{1}{3}AA_1 \times S_{\Delta ACE} &= \frac{1}{3}d \times S_{\Delta ACE} \\ \frac{1}{3} \times 1 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times 1 &= \frac{1}{3}d \times \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}+1} \times \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{5}} \quad d = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \\ A \quad A_1EC \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} & \quad \quad \quad 2 \end{aligned}$$

20.

1 $\because ABCD \therefore CD \parallel AB$ 1
 $AB \subset PAB \quad CD \not\subset PAB, \therefore CD \not\subset PAB, \dots \dots \dots$ 2
 $\because ED \parallel PA \quad PA \subset PAB \quad DE \not\subset PAB \therefore ED \not\subset PAB, \dots \dots \dots$ 3
 $ED \cap CD = D \therefore CDE \parallel PAB \dots \dots \dots$ 4
 $CE \subset CDE, \therefore CE \not\subset PAB. \dots \dots \dots$ 5
 2 $PA \quad F$.
 $\because ED \parallel PA \quad PA = 2ED$
 $\therefore ED \parallel AF \quad ED = AF.$
 $\therefore ADEF \dots \dots \dots$ 1
 $\therefore EF \parallel AD \quad EF = AD. \dots \dots \dots$ 2
 $\because ABCD \therefore BC \parallel AD \quad BC = AD. \therefore BC \parallel EF \quad BC = EF.$
 $\therefore BCEF \dots \dots \dots$ 3
 $\therefore BF \parallel CE \dots \dots \dots$ 4
 $BF \subset PAB \quad CE \not\subset PAB, \therefore CE \not\subset PAB. \dots \dots \dots$ 5



$PC \quad H \quad BD \quad BD \cap AC = O \quad OH \quad EH.$
 $\because ABCD$
 $\therefore O \quad AC$
 $\therefore OH = \frac{1}{2}PA \quad OH \parallel PA \dots \dots \dots$ 6
 $\because ED \parallel PA \quad PA = 2ED \therefore OH \parallel DE \quad OH = DE \dots \dots \dots$ 7
 $\therefore ODEH \quad \therefore OD \parallel EH \dots \dots \dots$ 8
 $\because PA \perp ABCD \quad OD \subset ABCD \therefore PA \perp OD, \dots \dots \dots$ 9
 $\because ABCD \therefore AC \perp OD. \quad PA \cap AC = A \therefore OD \perp PAC. \dots \dots \dots$ 10
 $OD \parallel EH \therefore EH \perp PAC. \dots \dots \dots$ 11
 $EH \subset PAC \therefore PAC \perp PCE. \dots \dots \dots$ 12



21.

$$A=2 \quad T \quad \frac{T}{4} = \frac{5\pi}{12} - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{4} \therefore T = \pi \quad \therefore \omega = 2 \quad \quad \quad 2$$

$$\because f\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = 2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + \varphi\right) = 2 \quad \frac{\pi}{3} + \varphi = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$

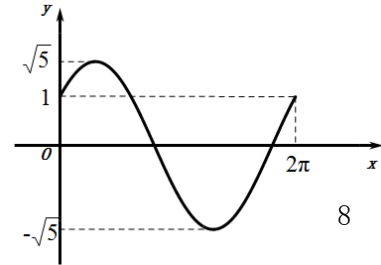
$$\therefore \varphi = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k \quad \because |\varphi| < \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \therefore \varphi = \frac{\pi}{6} \quad \therefore f(x) = 2\sin\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right). \quad 4$$

$$f\left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\pi}{12}\right) + \cos x = 2\sin\left[2\left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\pi}{12}\right) + \frac{\pi}{6}\right] + \cos x = 2\sin x + \cos x$$

$$= \sqrt{5} \sin(x + \theta) \quad \sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$x = 0 \quad 1 \quad x \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\therefore m \quad (-\sqrt{5}, 1) \cup (1, \sqrt{5}).$$



$$\therefore \sin(\alpha + \theta) = \sin(\beta + \theta) = \frac{m}{\sqrt{5}} \quad \therefore \alpha + \theta + \beta + \theta = \pi + 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$

$$\therefore \alpha = -\beta - 2\theta + \pi + 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}.$$

$$\therefore \cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos(-2\beta - 2\theta + \pi + 2k\pi) = \cos[\pi - 2(\beta + \theta)]$$

$$= -\cos 2(\beta + \theta) = 2\sin^2(\beta + \theta) - 1 = \frac{2m^2}{5} - 1. \quad 12$$

22. $x \leq 19 \quad y = 3800$

$$x > 19 \quad y = 3800 + 500(x - 19) = 500x - 5700$$

$$y = \begin{cases} 3800 & x \leq 19 \\ 500x - 5700 & x > 19 \end{cases} \quad (x \in \mathbf{N}) \quad \dots\dots\dots 4$$

18 0.46 19 0.7

n 19 $\dots\dots\dots 6$

19

100 70 3800 20 4300 10 4800

100

$$3800 \times 0.7 + 4300 \times 0.2 + 4800 \times 0.1 = 4000 \quad \dots\dots\dots 9$$

20

100 90 4000 10 4500

100

$$4000 \times 0.9 + 4500 \times 0.1 = 4050$$

1 19 $\dots\dots\dots 12$